Department of History

Academic Calender 2018-2019

CBCS / Semester - I (July - December)

CC -1/GE-1 : History of India from Earliest Times up to 300 CE

Chapter	Topics	Lectures	Teacher
I	I. Sources & Interpretation	4	
II	II. A broad survey of Palaeolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic Cultures.	8	DB
Ш	III. Harappan Civilization : Origin, Extent, dominant features &decline, Chalcolithic age.	8	
IV	IV. The Vedic Period: Polity, Society, Economy and Religion, Iron Age with reference to PGW &Megaliths.	10	
V	V. Territorial States and the rise of Magadha, Conditions for the rise of Mahajanpadas and the Causes of Magadha's success	6	AN
VI	VI. Iranian and Macedonian Invasions, Alexander's Invasion and impact	4	AN
VII	VII. Jainism and Buddhism: Causes, Doctrines, Spread, Decline and Contributions	6	
VIII	VIII. Emergence and Growth of Mauryan Empire; State Administration, Economy, Ashoka's Dhamma, Art & Architecture	10	
IX	IX. The Satvahana Phase: Aspects of Political History, Administration, Material Culture, & Religion	6	
X	X. The Sangam Age: Sangam Literature, The three Early Kingdoms, Society & the Tamil language	4	PN
XI	XI. The age of the Indo-Greeks, Shakas: Parthians & Kushanas: Aspects of Polity, Society, Religion, Arts & Crafts, Coins, Commerce and Towns.	6	

Department of History Academic Calender 2018-2019

CBCS / Semester - I (July - December)

CC-2: Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the ancient world

other than India

Chapter	Topics	Lectures	Teacher
I	I. Evolution of human kind: Paleolithic and Mesolithic cultures – Role of kinship social institutions in the development of early societies.	5	
II	II. Food production: beginnings of agriculture and animal husbandry.	5	
Ш	III. Bronze Age civilizations, with reference to any one of the following: i)Egypt (Old Kingdom); ii)China(Shang), economy, social stratification, state structure, religion.	7	AN
IV	IV. Nomadic groups in Central and West Asia; Debate on the advent of iron and its implications.	8	
V	V. Slave society in ancient Greece & Rome: agrarian economy, urbanization, trade.	15	
VI	VI. Polis in ancient Greece: Athens and Sparta; Greek culture.	20	

Department of History Academic Calender 2018-2019

$CC\ 1$: History of India From the earliest times to C 300 BCE

Chapter	Topics	Lectures	Teacher
I	 I. Reconstructing Ancient Indian History: a) Early Indian notions of History b) Sources and tools of historical reconstruction. c) Historical interpretations (with special reference to gender, environment, technology and regions) 	15	PN
II	 II. Hunter-gatherers and the advent of food products a)Paleolithic cultures- sequence and distribution; stone industries and other technological developments. b) Mesolithic cultures – regional and chronological distribution; new developments in technology and economy; rock art. c) Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures: distribution and subsistence pattern 	15	PN
ш	III. The Harappan civilization: Origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft productions and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs and practices; art; the problem of urban decline and the late/post-Harappan traditions.	15	DB
IV	IV. Cultures in transition Settlement patterns, technological and economic developments; social stratification; political relations; religion and philosophy; the Aryan problem. a) North India (circa 1500 BCE – 300 BCE) b) Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000 BCE – circa 300 BCE)	15	DB

Department of History Academic Calender 2018 - 19

History GeneralPart-II / Paper II (Indian History from 1556 to 1947)

Alloted Time	Unit	Module	Contents	Teacher
	I	1	1.1 Akbar and the Political expansion of Mughal Empire.	AN
	I	1	1.2 Akbar's relation with the Rajputs.	AN
	I	1	1.3 Evolution of Akbar's religious policy.	AN
	I	2	2.1 The Manasabdari System and the emergence of a composite ruling class.	AN
	I	2	2.2 Expanding frontiers of Mughal Empire in post-Akbar India.	AN
	I	3	3.1 Climax and crisis of the Mughal Empire under Aurangzeb: Aurangzeb's entanglements in the Deccan .	AN
	I	3	3.2 Rise of Shivaji and the Mughal -Maratha Contest for supremacy.	AN
July to Puja	I	3	3.3 Changes in the Rajput policy and the religious policy of the Mughals in the reign of Aurangzeb.	AN
Vacation	I	4	4.1 Mughal economy: land revenue - commercial expansion.	AN
, acation	I	4	4.2 Mughal art and architecture.	AN
	I	4	4.3 Historiographical debate on the break up of the Mughal Empire .	AN
	I	5	5.1 Political ascendancy of the English East India Company in Bengal (1757-65)	AN
	I	5	5.2 English East India Company's relation with the Indian states - Marathas, Mysore , Sikhs .	AN
	I	5	5.3 British policies of colonial annexation - subsidiary alliance, Doctrine of Lapse.	AN
	II	1	1.1Colonial economy: Land revenue settlements - Bengal, North India, South and west India.	PN
	II	1	1.2 Drain of wealth.	PN
	II	1	1.3 De-industrialization.	PN
	II	2	2.1 English education in Bengal up to 1857.	PN
			2.2 Indian response to westernization: Raja Ram Mohan Roy - Young Bengal,	
	II	2	Vidyasagar -Prarthana Samaj - Arya Samaj .	PN
	II	2	2.3 Aligarh movement and the modernization of Islam.	PN
	П	3	3.1 Early resistance to colonial rule: Wahabi and Faraizi movements - Santal rebellion.	PN
	II	3	3.2 The revolt of 1857.	PN
Post Puja	II	3	3.3 Growth of National Consciousness: Politics of Association - The Birth of Indian National Congress.	PN
Vacation	II	4	4.1 The nature of early Congress under moderate leadership.	PN
to College	II	4	4.2 Ideology and programme of militant nationalists.	PN
Test	II	4	4.3 The Swadeshi movement.	PN
	II	4	4.4 The birth of All India Muslim League.	PN
	II	4	4.5 Revolutionary terrorism in Bengal and Punjab.	PN
	II	4	4.6 Impact of the First World War on Indian economy, society and polity.	PN
	II	5	5.1 Gandhi and Indian National Movement: Rise of Gandhi - Rowlatt Satyagraha - Khilafat - Non-Cooperation - Civil Disobedience and Quit India Movement.	AN
	II	5	5.2 Nationalist Revolutionary Movements.	AN
	П	5	5.3 Subhas Chandra Bose, the Indian National Army and the Indian Freedom Movement.	AN
	II	5	5.4 Post war upsurge and the different strands of protest politics.	AN
	II	5	5.5 Communal Politics culminating in the partition and transfer of power.	AN

Department of History

Academic Calender 2018 - 19

History General Part-II / Paper-III (Modern Europe from 1789 to 1939 A.D.)

Alloted Time	Unit	Module	Contents	Teacher
	I	1	1.1 Background	DB
	I	1	1.2 Renaissance and Reformation	DB
-	I	1	1.3 Geographical Discoveries	DB
•	I	1	1.4 Scientific Revolution, Advent of Capitalism (A brief overview)	DB
	I	2	2.1 The French Revolution - socioeconomic bakground: Role of the phierophers.	DB
	I	2	2.2 Progress of the Revolution: Popular Movements: Jacobins and Girondins.	DB
July to	I	3	3.1 Rise of Napoleon: Internal Reconstruction	DB
Puja	I	3	3.2 Napoleon and Europe. Napoleon and revolution.	DB
Vacation	I	4	4.1 Political Developments in Europe from (1815 - 1870)	DB
	I	4	4.2 Triumph of conservatism - The Matternich System Stages of Italian Unification	DB
	I	4	4.3 Unification and Consolidation of Germany	DB
	I	4	4.4 Russia: Attempts at Reforms by Alexander II.	DB
	I	5	5.1 Society and Economy in Nineteenth Century Europe	PN
	I	5	5.2 Industrial Advances in England and the Continent	PN
	I	5	5.3 Utopian Socialism and Marxism	PN
	I	5	5.4 Art, Culture, Literature and Science.	PN
	II	1	1.1 Europe between 1871-1914: New Balance of Power, scramble for colonies in asia and Africa.	PN
	II	2	2.1 The Eastern Question: Main Issues - Crimean War, Balkan Nationalism (A brief overview)	PN
	II	3	3.1 Triple Alliance, Triple Entente and the emergence of two armed camps;	PN
Post Puja	II	3	3.2 Origins of the First World War - Issues and Stakes;	PN
Vacation	II	3	3.3 Russian Revolution of 1917.	PN
to College	II	4	4.1 Peace settlement of 1919: Its long term consequences	PN
Test	II	4	4.2 Birth of the German Republic.	PN
1631	II	5	5.1 Europe in the Inter War period (1919-1939).	PN
	II	5	5.2 Consolidation of economic and political power of the Soviet State;	PN
	II	5	5.3 Rise of Fascism in Italy;	PN
	II	5	5.4 Rise of Nazism in Germany; Aggressive foreign politics;	PN
	II	5	5.5 Outbreak of the second World War.	PN
			COLLEGE TEST ON WHOLE SYLLABUS	

KHUDIRAM BOSE CENTRAL COLLEGE Department of History Academic Calender 2018 - 19

History General Part-III / Paper IV (India and the World)

Alloted Time	Unit	Module	Contents	Teacher		
		1	1.1 Understanding the causes of the partition of India .	DB		
		1	1.2 Impact of Partition on Indian polity, economy , society and culture .	DB		
July to	I	2	2.1 Adoption of a republican constitution in 1950 : Salient features of the Indian Constitution.	PN		
Puja Vacation	(INDIA 1947 -	2	2.2 Nehru and the development of Parliamentary democracy in India .	PN		
v acation	1964)	3	Economic Planning : First three five year plans .	AN		
		4	Social movements in contemporary India .	AN		
		5	5.1 Indo-Pakistan relations .	PN		
		5	5.2 India and the Non-Aligned Movement .	PN		
		1	Debate on the origins of the cold war.	AN		
	п	2	2.1 Cold war and the emergence of the U.S and Soviet military and economic alliances - NATO, IMF, WARSAW, WTO.	PN		
		2	2.2 U.S. Foreign policy in the post-war period; Truman Doctrine and Marshall Plan .	PN		
Post Puja		3	3.1 Bipolarism and regional conflicts :	DB		
Vacation	(WORLD	3	3.2 War in Korea	DB		
to College Test	1945 - 1991)	3	3.3 Conflict in the Middle East: Arab-Israel War of 1948-49 , 1967 , 1973 .	DB		
		4	4.1 Impact of the emergence of China on the Worlds Politics.	AN		
		4	4.2 Sino-Indian relations.	AN		
		5	5.1 India and the liberation war of Bangladesh.	PN		
		5	5.2 The liberation struggle of Vietnam (1954-75).	PN		
		6	6.1 End of the socialist regime and the disintegration of U.S.S.R.	PN		
COLLEGE TEST ON WHOLE SYLLABUS						

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

ACADEMIC CALENDER: 2018 - 2019

As per New Revised Syllabus (w.e.f. Academic Session 2017 – 2018)

Part - II (Hons.) / Paper - III: Transformation of Europe (15th - 17th Centuries)

Paper / Unit	Module	Topics	Lectures	Teacher	Marks
Paper – III Unit - I	Module1	1.1 Transition Debate on transition from feudalism to capitalism: problems and theories1.2 Impact of the fall of Constantinople.1.3 Development of National Monarchy.	7		
Paper – III Unit - I	Module 2	 2.1 Renaissance: its social roots 2.2 Renaissance humanism 2.3 Rediscovery of classics 2.4 Italian renaissance and its impact on art, culture, education and political thought 2.5 Its spread in Europe 	10	PN	
Paper – III Unit - I	Module 3	 3.1 Reformation movements: Origins & courses 3.2 Martin Luther & Lutheranism 3.3 John Calvin & Calvinism 3.4 Radical reformation: Anabaptists and Huguenots 3.5 English reformation and the role of the state 3.6 Counter Reformation. 	10		50
Paper – III Unit - I	Module 4	4.1 The exploration of the new world: motives4.2 Portugese and Spanish voyages.	5	AN	
Paper – III Unit - I	Module 5	 5.1 Economic developments 5.2 Shift of economic balance from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic 5.3 Commercial Revolution 5.4 Price Revolution 5.5 Agricultural Revolution and the Enclosure Movement 	8	PN	
Paper – III Unit - II	Module1	1.1 Printing Revolution 1.2 Revolution in war techniques	8	AN	
Paper – III Unit - II	Module 2	 2.1 Crisis in Europe in the 17th century 2.2 Its economic, social and political dimensions 	8		
Paper – III Unit - II	Module 3	3.1 The English Revolution: major issues3.2 Political and intellectual currents	8		50
Paper – III Unit - II	Module 4	 4.1 Scientific Revolution 4.2 Emergence of scientific academies 4.3 Origins of Enlightenment 	10	PN	
Paper – III Unit - II	Module 5	5.1 Peace of Westphalia (1648)5.2 Emergence of modern European state system.	6		

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

ACADEMIC CALENDER: 2018 - 2019

As per New Revised Syllabus (w.e.f. Academic Session 2017 – 2018)

Part - II (Hons) / Paper - IV: History of India, c.AD 500-1750

Paper / Unit	Module	Topics	Lectures	Teacher	Marks
Paper – IV Unit - I	Module 1: The Mughals	1.1 Historiography and sources:- i) Historiography : different approaches ii) Sources: - An overview of Abul Fazl, Badauni , Bernier.	5		
Paper – IV Unit - I	Module 2: The Foundation, expansion and consolidation of Empire	 2.1. Babur's invasion of India and its significance-political and military 2.2Sher Shah - administrative and military reforms 2.3- Political ideology and state in Mughal India- i) Inclusive political ideas: Suhl-i kul ii) expansion and integration 2.4- Evolution of administrative institutions: the Mughal nobility, Mansab and Jagir 2.5- The Mughal ruling classes: Mansabdars, Zamindars 	10	AN	
Paper – IV Unit - I	Module 3: Economy and society in Mughal India: Patterns, and structure	 3.1- The system of agricultural production- i). agricultural technology and crop patterns; ii) Zabti system-magnitude of land tax, iii) non-agricultural production, iv) Nature of land rights and rural tension; 3.2- Trade, commerce and monetary system- i) inland and oceanic trade network in the 17th century ii)creation of trading centres iii) crafts, industries and organization iv) markets, monetary centres 3.3- Urban society - i) towns and town life; ii) merchant communities, artisans and bankers. 	15	DB	50
Paper – IV Unit - I	Module 4: Crisis of the Empire	 4.1 Aurangzeb, the imperial elite and the Deccan wars 4.2 Rise of the Marathas under Shivaji 4.3 Popular revolts within the Mughal Empire- the Jats, Satnamis, Afghans and the Sikhs 4.4- Crisis in the Jagirdari system-its political and economic implications. 	10		
Paper – IV Unit - II	Module 1: Religion and culture in Mughal India	1.1- Sufism 1.2- 15 th and 16 th century resurgence of Bhakti movement-Sants and their cults- shrines, pilgrimages 1.3- The Mughal court language, regional languages; literary culture 1.4- Architecture and painting.	10		
Paper – IV Unit - II	Module 2: Decline of the Mughals and the Emergence of Successor States	2.1- Interpretations of the decline of the Mughal Empire 2.2- Patterns of regional politics- Case studies of: i) Maratha Swarajya in the 18 th century; ii) Nawabi Bengal and the rise of the English East India Company till the battle of Plassey.	10	AN	50
Paper – IV Unit - II	Module 3:	Interpreting the 18 th century: Transition to colonialism.	4		

Department of History

Academic Calender 2018-2019
Part - III / Paper - V: History of East Asia from 1839 to 1950

Paper/ Unit	Module	Topics	Lectures	Marks	Teacher
Paper – V Unit - I	Module 1: Late Imperial and Traditional China	 1.1 The nature and structure of the traditional Chinese society- the peasantry and the gentry class 1.2 Government bureaucracy and central control 1.3 China's pre-modern economy 1.4 Confucian Ideology 	5		
	Module 2: Colonial Penetration in China and transformation of China in an informal colony	2.1 The tribute system, the Canton system and their 2.2Opium wars and treaties with imperialist powers and struggle for concessions in China 2.3Increasing western economic interests- emergence of a coastal enclave economy- rise of comprador bougeoisie-opendoor policy - Finance Imperialism	7		
	Module 3: Popular Movements with special reference to Taiping Revolt	3.1 Background and cause 3.2 Nature 3.3 Causes of failure 3.4 Legacy of the Revolt 3.5Other near contemporary rebellions - Nien, Muslim rebellions (1855-1874), Miao insurrection (1850-1872)	7	50	AN
	Module 4: Restoration, Reform, Revolution	 4.1 Tungchi Restoration 4.2 The Self-strengthening Movement 4.3The Reform Movement of 1898 4.1 Boxer Rebellion and its consequences 4.2 Late Ching Reforms (1901-08) 	7		
	Module 5: Post - 1911 Political transitions	 5.1 Republican Revolution of 1911- role of various social 5.2 Role of Yan Shi Kai 5.3 Sun Yat Sen- principles and politics 5.4 Warlordism (1916-1925) 5.5 New Intellectual ideas and May Fourth Movement - origin, nature and significance 	7		
	Module 6: Nationalism and Communism in China	 6.1 Problem of early industrialisation 6.2 Political crisis in the 1920's- The Kuomintangs- The first United Front- The Kuomintang-Communist Conflict- Ten years of Nanking Government 6.3 The Communist Party under Mao Tse Tung- the making of the Red Army- The Second United Front- Long March- Second Sino-Japanese War (1937)- Yenan experiment- The Chinese Revolution (1949)- ideology, causes and significance - the Establishment of the Peoples' Republic of China. 	/		
	Module 1: Pre - Modern Japan	 1.1 The Tokugawa Shogunate- the feudal society and 1.2 Encounter with the West- the Perry Mission and the opening up of Japan to the West 1.3 The crisis and fall of Shogunate 	5		
	Module 2 :	2.1 Its nature and character			

Department of History

Academic Calender 2018-2019
Part - III / Paper - V: History of East Asia from 1839 to 1950

Paper/ Unit	Module	Topics	Lectures	Marks	Teacher
	Meiji Restoration (1867-68) and Rise of Modern Japan	2.2 Different social classes and groups behind the Restoration2.3 Processes of modernization- social, military, political	4		
		and educational 2.4 Contrasting response of China and Japan to the impact of the West			
	<i>Module 3:</i> Popular and	3. 1 Satsuma rebellion			
Paper – V Unit - II	Democratic Movements	3.2 Popular rights movement	5	50	AN
Pape Uni		3.3 Movements leading to the Meiji constitution3.4 Rise of political parties			AIN
	Module 4:	4.1 Abolition of feudalism and economic growth			
	Economic	4.2 New land settlement pattern Industrialisation and the			
	Modernisation	role of state and private entrepreneurship Zaibatsu	6		
	Module 5 : Emergence of Japan as an Imperial Power	 5.1 The Sino-Japanese War 5.2 The Anglo-Japanese alliance 5.3 The Russo- Japanese War 5.4 World War I and after- Japan in the Pacific and the Washington Conference 5.5 Manchurian Crisis 5.6 Failure of the Democratic system and the rise of 	20		
		militarism in the1930's and 1940's 5.7 Japan and the World War II 5.8 Post War Japan under General MacArthur.			

Department of History

Academic Calender 2018-2019
Part - III / Paper - VI : History of India from C1750 to 1964

Paper/ Unit	Module	Topics	Lectures	Marks	Teacher
	Module 1 Understanding Modern India	1.1 Concepts, terminologies and approaches	2		
	Module 2 Expansion and consolidation of British rule with special reference to-	 2.1 Bengal - From Plassey to Buxar and the grant of Diwani. 2.2 Mysore. 2.3 Marathas. 2.4 Punjab. 2.5 Awadh 	8		
	Module 3 Colonial state and its ideology	 3.1 Emergence of East India Company as a super - ordinate power; framework of Company's control (the Regulating Act, Pitt's India Act, Charter Acts) 3.2 Orientalism and Utilitarism in relation to India. 3.3 Classical political thought in relation to India: theory of rent, laisser faire, and Colonial paternalism 	8		
Paper – VI Unit - I	Module 4 Economy and Society : Agrarian and Non Agrarian Sectors	 4.1 Land revenue settlements - The terms of Permanent, Ryotwari, and Mahalwari Settlement; The rural agrarian social structure: Zamindars, Peasants and landless labour 4.2 Commercialisation of agriculture; Rural credit and indebtedness 4.3 Changing rural landscape and environment: the issues concerning 'forestry' and an environmental view of rural change. 4.4 The Process of Deindustrialisation and released debates. 4.5 Banking indigenous and modern 4.6 Emergence of modern industries - railway, jute, cotton and steel. 	8	50	PN
	Module 5 Popular Resistance	 5.1 The tribal dimension: the changing economy and society of the tribal World and the tribal protest 5.2 The early Peasant's resistance to Colonial rule. 5.3 The Revolt of 1857: causes, interpretations and consequences. 	8		
	Module 6 Colonial Intervention Indian Response Cultural Changes and Socio -Religious Movements.	 6.1 Rise of Modern Education, and the growth of a new intelligentsia and the press. 6.2 Rammohan, Vidyasagar and the the Young Bengal Movement in Bengal - similar Socio - religious revivals/reform movements in other parts of India. 6.3 Women: changing position and attitudes. Formation of early political associations leading to the both of Indian National Congress(1885). 	8		

Department of History

Academic Calender 2018-2019
Part - III / Paper - VI : History of India from C1750 to 1964

Paper/ Unit	Module	Topics	Lectures	Marks	Teacher
	Module 1 History of Indian Nationalism upto 1919	 1.1 Early Congress and rise of Extremism 1.2 Partition of Bengal and the Swadeshi 1.3 Revolutionaries in India and Abroad 1.4 Trends in Muslim Politics - Aligarh Movement, The Muslim League, Demand for Separate Electorate, Lucknow Pact 	7		PN
	Module 2 The Gandhian Era	 2.1 The Rise of Gandhi 2.2 Rowlatt Act and Rowlatt Satyagraha 2.3 Khilafat and Non-Co-operation. 2.4 Civil Disobedience 2.5 Quit India Movement Module 3 	7		
Paper – VI Unit - II	Module 3 Different Trends in the National Movement and Post war upsurge	 3.1 Different ideological trends in the Congress with political reference to the rise of the Leftists and the Communists. 3.2 Role of various social groups and classes with special emphasis on the Dalits with special reference to Ambedkar. 3.3 Kishan Sabha agitation; Trade Union Movements, the people's Movement in the princely States and Revolutionaries. 3.4 Subhas Chandra Bose and the INA 3.5 Post War Upsurges - INA Movement, Naval Mutiny, Tebhaga and Telengana 	7		
	Module 4 Constitutional Developments	 4.1 Morley-Minto Reforms 4.2Montague Chelmsford Reforms 4.2 Simon Commission, Nehru Report and Round Table Conference 4.3 Govt. of India Act, 1935 4.4 Working of the provincial Ministries Cripps Mission, Wavell Plan and Cabinet Mission 	7		
	Module 5 Communal politics, Partition and Independence	 5.1 Growth of Hindu Fundamentalism and Muslim separation 5.2 Demand for Partition - National and Regional responses to the Demand - British policies 5.3 Partition and Independence (August 1947) 	7		
	Module 6 India 1947 -1964	 6.1 Integration of Princely States 6.2 Linguistic Reconstruction of States 6.3 Partition, Migration and Rehabilitation 6.4 Framing of the Constitution, establishment and development of Parliamentary Democracy in the Nehruvian years. 6.5 Economic Planning: First three five year plans, 6.6 Situating India in the Global context - Making of Indian Foreign Policy and Non- Alignment 	7		

Department of History

Academic Calender 2018-2019

Part - III / Paper – VII : History of Europe from 1789 to 1919

Paper/ Unit	Module	Topics	Lectures	Marks	Teacher
Paper – VII Unit - I	Module - 1	 1.1 Crisis of the ancient regime 1.2 Intellectual currents 1.3 Socio - economic and political background of the French Revolution 	5	50	DB
		 2.1 - Trends in the French Revolution 2.2 Aristocratic revolt - bourgeois popular and peasant revolt 2.3 The Constituent assembly and its achievements 2.4 Girondins and Jacobins - the Reign of Terror and the rise and fall of the Jacobin Republic 2.5 The Thermedorian reaction and the Directory 2.6 Interpreting the French Revolution. 2.7 Role of women in French Revolution 	10		
	Module - 3	 3. 1 Napoleon Bonaparte: the revolution legacy 3.2 The reorganization of France and Europe - fall of Bonaparte 3.3 Conflicting estimation of Napoleon's character and achievements. 	8		
	Module 4	 4.1 The Vienna Congress 4.2 Metternich and the Conservative order 4.3 An overview of the revolution of 1830 and 1848 4.4 Pattern of insurrection in France and other central European countries - collapse of the revolution. 	7		
	Module - 5	 5.1 Liberalism and Democracy in Britain 5.2 Unification of Italy and Germany 5.3 Russian modernization 5.4 France under the Second Empire 	10		
Paper – VII Unit - II	Module 1	1.1 Industrialisation in Europe - difference in the industrialization process between England and the Continent - France, German and Russian industrialization 1.2 Rise of the working class movements and the Socialist thought (Utopian Socialism, Marxism) 1.3 Art and culture, literature and Science of the 19 th century Europe with special reference to Remarkisism and its cultural and political assesses.	10		
	Module 2	reference to Romanticism and its cultural and political aspects. 2.1 The Third Republic, Paris Commune and the new German Reich 2.2 Europe in 1871 - Bismarckian diplomacy - new balance of power - Kaiser William II and the new course in the German foreign policy.	7		
	Module 3	1.1 The eastern question in later 19th century with reference to the Crimean Waland the Balkan Nationalism.		50	DB
	Module 4	 4.1 Age of imperialism (1871 - 1914) -The impetus behind colonial expansion - Scramble for colonies— theories of imperialism 4.2 Anglo German antagonism - Triple Alliance -Triple Entente and the emergence of two armed camps - origin of the First World War. 	10		
	Module 5	5.1 The impact of the War on the old order - Collapse of the Dynastic empire - 5.2 Revolution in Russia - origin of the October Revolution and the Success of the Bolsheviks	7		

Department of History

Academic Calender 2018-2019
Part - III / Paper - VII: History of Europe from 1789 to 1919

Paper/ Unit	Module	Topics	Lectures	Marks	Teacher
		5.3 Fourteen points of Wilson.			

Department of History

Academic Calender 2018-2019

Part - III / Paper - VIII : World Politics in the 20th Century from 1919 to C2000

Paper/ Unit	Module	Topics	Lectures	Marks	Teacher
Paper – VIII Unit - I	Module-1	 1.1 The Versailles Settlement of 1919 1.2 The League of Nations 1.3 Efforts outside the League to preserve peace and security: The Locarno treaty, the Kellogg Briand Pact 	8		PN
	Module - 2	 2.1 The reparation issue and its impact on international relations 2.2 The Great Depression and its international repercussions 2.3 European Dictatorships: Origin of Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany - Impact on world politics 	8	50	
	Module 3	 3. 1 Responsibility of Hitler for the outbreak of Second World War 3.2 Diplomatic background of the Second World War - Policy of Appeasement - the Munich Pact - Nazi-Soviet Non Aggression Pact. 3.3 The Spanish Civil War. 	8		
	Module 4	 4.1 Background of the foundation of UNO 4.2 Debate on the origins and nature of the Cold War. 4.3 Cold War and the emergence of Soviet and American economic and military alliances: NATO, WTO, IMF, World Bank, Warsaw, COMECON 	8		
	Module 5	5.1 USSR's relation with the East European countries (1945-64) The US foreign policy in the Post war period: Truman Doctrine and Marshall Plan	8		
Paper – VIII Unit - II	Module 1	 Bi-polarism and regional conflicts: War in Korea - Crisis in Cuba - Conflict in the Middle East (Arab - Israel wars of 1948-49,67, 1973 - Activities of P.L.O- Intifadah - Gulf War of 1990-91) Disintegration of European Empires and the emergence of the Third World The Non-Aligned Movement The Politics of Detents. 	10		
	Module -2	2.1 Impact of the emergence of Communist China on world politics 2.2 Sino-Soviet relations 2.3 Sino U.S. relations	6		
	Module -3	 I Indo-Paksitan relations India and the liberation war of Bangladesh The Liberation Struggle of Vietnam (1945-54 and 1954-1975) Origin and activities of ASEAN and SAARC 	8	50	AN
	Module 4	 4.1 Reunification of Germany 4.2 The end of Socialist regime and the disintegration of USSR 	6		
	Module 5	5.1 The end of the Cold War 5.2 The onset of Globalisation and its impact 5.3 American Uni-polarism and its significance for international politics.	10		

Department of History

Academic Calender 2018-2019

History General Part-III / Paper IV (India and the World)

Alloted Time	Unit	Module	Contents	Teacher
July to Puja	I (INDIA 1947 -	1	1.1 Understanding the causes of the partition of India .	DB
		1	1.2 Impact of Partition on Indian polity, economy , society and culture .	DB
		2	2.1 Adoption of a republican constitution in 1950 : Salient features of the Indian Constitution.	PN
		2	2.2 Nehru and the development of Parliamentary democracy in India .	PN
Vacation	1964)	3	Economic Planning : First three five year plans .	AN
		4	Social movements in contemporary India .	AN
		5	5.1 Indo-Pakistan relations .	PN
		5	5.2 India and the Non-Aligned Movement .	PN
		1	Debate on the origins of the cold war.	AN
		2	2.1 Cold war and the emergence of the U.S and Soviet military and economic alliances - NATO , IMF , WARSAW , WTO .	PN
		2	2.2 U.S. Foreign policy in the post-war period; Truman Doctrine and Marshall Plan .	PN
Post Puja	п	3	3.1 Bipolarism and regional conflicts :	DB
Vacation	(WORLD	3	3.2 War in Korea	DB
to College Test	`	3	3.3 Conflict in the Middle East: Arab-Israel War of 1948-49 , 1967 , 1973 .	DB
		4	4.1 Impact of the emergence of China on the Worlds Politics.	AN
		4	4.2 Sino-Indian relations.	AN
		5	5.1 India and the liberation war of Bangladesh.	PN
		5	5.2 The liberation struggle of Vietnam (1954-75).	PN
		6	6.1 End of the socialist regime and the disintegration of U.S.S.R.	PN
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